



THE COLOMBO RUBBER TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

**ANNUAL REPORT
2024/2025**

The History of The Colombo Rubber Traders' Association

The Rubber Committee of the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce, which had addressed the interests of the Rubber Trade since 1891, identified the need for a separate forum to promote the interests of the Rubber Industry. A meeting was held on November 27, 1918, at which the Colombo Rubber Traders' Association [CRTA] was formally inaugurated. Attending this meeting were personalities well known in the business circles of Colombo, which included Messrs. Hayley, Durrent, Mackwood, Oldfield, Henry De Mel and John Tarbat. Knighthoods were conferred on the last two named gentlemen.

The first Chairman of the CRTA was Mr. J. Lochore of Carson & Co. Ltd. Initially, the Committee comprised two nominees each of the sellers and buyers. A Brokers' representative was invited to serve on the Committee at a later date.

Members of the CRTA Committee were exclusively European, till Mr. S.T.L. De Soysa of C. W. Mackie & Co. Ltd. was elected as one of the buyers' representatives in 1945.

The first rubber auction was held on November 4, 1910, which was prior to the formation of the CRTA. During the war years, the rubber auction was suspended. The first crepe auction to be conducted following the war was held on June 2, 1950. The first sheet auction was held on April 30, 1981, on the termination of the Rubber/Rice pact with the Peoples Republic of China. The first sale of latex by Auction was held on January 24, 1997.

Mission

“To be the Premier Forum for Rubber in the Country”

Objectives

- *To advance efficient and transparent trade between Sellers, Producers, Buyers, Exporters and Dealers.*
- *To support the expansion and sustainability of the Rubber Industry in Sri Lanka.*
- *To facilitate the development of value addition in the Industry by promoting the manufacture of Rubber based products and to support the Industry efforts in moving up the value chain to achieve greater harmony with the aspirations of consumers.*
 - *To promote co-operation amongst all sectors of the Industry and, thereby, to create a synergistic and dynamic Rubber industry.*
 - *To stimulate innovation, investment and enhanced productivity throughout the Industry.*
 - *To project Sri Lanka Rubber and Rubber based products as leaders in the global markets.*
 - *To objectively address major issues, which have a bearing on the Rubber Industry.*
 - *To serve as the voice of the Rubber Industry in dialogue with the Public Sector.*
 - *To widen the influence of the Rubber Industry by creating and nurturing appropriate links which would be beneficial to it.*
 - *To encourage the concept of Corporate Social Responsibility, by example, in promoting sound environmental initiatives, desirable business ethics and rational social practices.*
 - *To safeguard the common interest of members by initiating prompt, legitimate and effective action to satisfy their business and professional needs.*

COMMITTEE – 2024/2025

CHAIRMAN

Mr. Harin de Silva - Eastern Merchants PLC

VICE CHAIRMAN

Mr. Buddhi Gunasekera - Horana Plantations PLC

BUYER REPRESENTATIVES

A .M Rahim & Co. (Pvt) Limited
Almar Trading Co. (Pte) Ltd
C.W Mackie PLC
Lalan Rubber (Pvt) Ltd
Shums & Co Ltd

SELLER REPRESENTATIVES

Balangoda Plantations PLC
Kotagala Plantations PLC
Kegalle Plantations PLC
Kelani Valley Plantations PLC
Pussellawa Plantations PLC

BROKER REPRESENTATIVE

Forbes & Walker Commodity Brokers (Pvt) Ltd

BY INVITATION

The Planters' Association of Ceylon
The Colombo Rubber Buyers' Association
Non - CBA Broker – J. D. and Sons (Pvt) Ltd
Dr. Prof. Asoka Nugawela - Industry Expert

SECRETARIAT

The Ceylon Chamber of Commerce

SUB COMMITTEES - 2024/2025

MEMBERSHIP & DISCIPLINE

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. A. Weerasinghe (Convener) | Mr. D. Perera |
| Mr. D. Wekunagoda | Mr. B. Gunasekera |
| Mr. H. de Silva | Mr. R. Jansz |
| Mr. T. Shums | |

WAREHOUSE

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Mr. A. Edirisinghe (Convener) | Mr. H. de Silva |
| Mr. D. Wekunagoda | Mr. T. Shums |
| Mr. B. Gunasekera | Mr. D. Perera |
| Mr. R. Fernando | Mr. R. Jansz |

BY LAWS & CONSTITUTION

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Mr. M.S. Rahim (Convener) | Mr. A. Edirisinghe |
| Mr. D. Wekunagoda | Mr. T. Shums |
| Mr. B. Gunasekera | Mr. D. Perera |
| Mr. R. Fernando | Mr. R. Jansz |

FREIGHT & SHIPPING

Mr. T. Frink (Convener)

REGULATORY REFORMS

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Mr. A. Weerasinghe (Convener) | Mr. H. de Silva |
| Mr. D. Wekunagoda | Mr. T. Shums |
| Mr. B. Gunasekera | Mr. D. Perera |
| Mr. R. Fernando | Mr. R. Jansz |

EUROPEAN UNION'S DEFORESTATION REGULATION (EUDR)

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Mr. M. Udugampola (Convener) | Mr. N. Seneviratne |
| Mr. D. Wekunagoda | Mr. H. de Silva |
| Mr. B. Gunasekera | Mr. T. Shums |
| Mr. P. Gunasekera | Mr. L. Fonseka |
| Mr. R. Fernando | |

SCIENTIFIC

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Prof. A. Nugawala (Convener) | Mr. R. Fernando |
| Mr. M. Udugampola | Mr. H. de Silva |
| Mr. D. Wekunagoda | Mr. L. Fonseka |
| Mr. B. Gunasekera | |

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

| | |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Mr. H. de Silva (Convener) | Mr. T. Frink |
| Mr. B. Gunasekera | Mr. D. Perera |
| Mr. T. Shums | Mr. L. Perera |

REPRESENTATION ON OTHER BODIES

THE CEYLON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Mr. Harin de Silva, Chairman CRTA was nominated to serve on the Committee of the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce for the year 2024-2025.

SRI LANKA SHIPPERS' COUNCIL

Mr. T. Frink was nominated to serve on the Committee of the Sri Lanka Shippers' Council for the year 2024-2025, as the CRTA representative.

EXPORTERS' ASSOCIATION OF SRI LANKA

Mr. Shums was nominated to serve on the Committee of the Exporters' Association of Sri Lanka [EASL] for the year 2024-2025, as the CRTA representative.

EDB ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON RUBBER

Mr. Harin de Silva, Chairman CRTA and Mr. Buddhi Gunasekera, Vice Chairman were nominated to represent the CRTA on the EDB Advisory Committee for Rubber for the year 2024-2025.

RUBBER RESEARCH BOARD

Mr. Buddhi Gunasekera, Vice Chairman CRTA was nominated to represent the CRTA on the Rubber Research Board for the year 2024-2025.

MEMBERS

Buyer Members

ALMAR TRADING CO. (PTE) LTD

143/17, Sri Wickrama Mawatha,
Colombo 15
Tel : 5340440
Fax : 5344100

ALI BROTHERS (PVT) LTD.

228, Layards Broadway,
Colombo 14
Tel : 2330207 – 8
Fax : 2541104

ASSOCIATED MOTORWAYS (PVT) LTD

185, Union Place,
Colombo 2
Tel : 2309309
Fax : 2323781

ASSOCIATED SPECIALTY RUBBER (PVT) LTD

Yatideriya Rubber Factory
Undungoda. 71200
Tel : 035-2278812
Fax : 035-2278811

A. M. RAHIM & CO. LIMITED

64, W. A. D. Ramanayake Mawatha.,
Colombo 2
Tel : 2320421/2333625/2445856
Fax : 2448345

AROMA NATURAL RUBBER [PVT] LTD

Keraminiya Watta, Mawanella.
Tel : 035-2248050
Fax : 035-2246648

ATIRE (PVT) LTD

No. 02, Udugalla Estate,
Paragasthota, Bandaragama
Tel : 077 3873 601/ 034 4298 561/ 0 11 2620 603
Fax : 011 2620 603

DAMRO EXPORTS (PVT) LTD

No. 361, Kandy Road, Nittambuwa
Tel : 334 679200,
Fax : 332 285449

CEAT- KELANI INTERNATIONAL TYRES (PVT) LTD

P. O. BOX 53,
Nungamugoda,
Kelaniya.
Tel : 2911305/2911241/2911269
Fax : 4817721/2911453

CEYLON TRADING CO. LTD

36, D. R. Wijewardena Mawatha,
Colombo 10
Tel : 2327336/9 /2328904/2325665
Fax : 2449586

C. W. MACKIE PLC

36, D. R. Wijewardena Mawatha,
Colombo 10
Tel : 2440229/2423554-63
Fax : 2440228

EASTERN MERCHANTS PLC

NO. 240
Torrington Avenue
Colombo 07
Tel : 2325736/2328406
Fax : 2448474

GLENROSS RUBBER COMPANY

B/2, Elvitigala Flats, Elvitigala Mw., Colombo 8
Tel : 2699607
Fax : 2866765

GLOBAL RUBBER INDUSTRIES (PVT) LTD

28, Joseph's Lane
Colombo 4
Tel : 2598831
Fax : 2551091

HAMEED BROTHERS COLOMBO (PVT) LTD

377, Grandpass Road,
Colombo 14
Tel : 2320832/2324447/2345934-5
Fax : 2335617

K. R. V. ENTERPRISES

33, Kelani Ganga Mill Road, COLOMBO 15
Tel : 4936826
Fax : 2433499

LALAN RUBBER (PVT) LTD

95 B, Zone A
Export Processing Zone
Biyagama, Malwana
Tel : 4311200/4311241
Fax : 2820579/2311222

LAK LATEX CENTRIFUGE (PVT) LTD

Baduraliya
Tel : 0718527717 / 0773118746
Fax : 0342244026

MALWATTE TRADERS

635/A2, Malwatte,
Malwana
Tel : 2439451

MICHELIN LANKA (PVT) LTD

Regents Court, 218, Minuwangoda Road
Ekala, Ja-Ela
Tel : 4837659
Fax : 2232828

MICROCELLS (PVT) LTD

Koskanatte Road,
Mampe, Piliyandala
Tel : 2708908
Fax : 2708917

RICHARD PEIRIS & COMPANY PLC

310, High Level Road
Nawinna, Maharagama
Tel : 4304028/2852644
Fax : 2856787

SAHEED & COMPANY

No: 895, Aluth Mawatha Road,
Mattakkuliya,
Colombo 15
Tel: 0777308876

SHUMS & CO LTD

33A, Queens Road, Colombo 3
Tel : 2580027/2580170/2588470
Fax : 2503619/2503440

Seller Members

AGALAWATTE PLANTATIONS PLC

590, Galle Rd, Colombo 3
Tel : 7990000
Fax : 7990050

BALANGODA PLANTATIONS PLC

P.O.Box No. 6, Palmgarden
Ratnapura
Tel: : 045 2231445/7
Fax : 045 2223598

ELPITIYA PLANTATIONS PLC

305, Vauxhall Street,
Colombo 02
Tel : 5335572-74
Fax : 5335573

HAPUGASTENNE PLANTATIONS PLC

Level 11, Browns Capital Building
No. 19, Dudley Senanayake Mawatha,
Colombo 08
Tel : 045 2222717/ 2222319
Fax : 045 2222717

HORANA PLANTATIONS PLC

No. 400, Deans Road,
Colombo 10
Tel : 5400700 - 87
Fax : 5400730

KAHAWATTE PLANTATIONS PLC

111, Negambo Road,
Peliyagoda
Tel : 4723937
Fax : 4722495

KEGALLE PLANTATIONS PLC

310, High Level Road, Nawinna,
Maharagama.
Tel : 4310823 / 4310799
Fax : 4310799

KELANI VALLEY PLANTATIONS PLC

400, Deans Road,
Colombo 10
Tel : 2686274-5/2627700
Fax : 2694216

KOTAGALA PLANTATIONS PLC

53 1/1, Sir Baron Jayathileke Mawatha
Colombo 1
Tel : 2381508-10
Fax : 2381513

MALWATTE VALLEY PLANTATIONS PLC

280, Dam Street,
Colombo 12
Tel: 5388800
Fax: 2543937

NAMUNUKULA PLANTATIONS PLC

310, High Level Road
Nawinna,
Maharagama.
Tel : 4310801, 4310500
Fax : 4306726

PUSSELLAWA PLANTATIONS LTD.

590, Galle Rd, Colombo 3
Tel : 7990000
Fax : 7990050

WATAWALA PLANTATIONS PLC

No. 60, Dharmapala Mawatha,
Colombo 03
Tel : 4702400
Fax : 4716365

Broker Members

ASIA SIYAKA COMMODITIES PLC

Deutsche House Building,
320 T. B. Jayah Mawatha,
Colombo 10
Tel : 4939438
Fax : 2678145

COMMODITY CONSULARS (PVT) LTD

49/4, Sir Chiththampalam A Gardiner Mawatha,
Colombo 2
Tel : 0777 700 999
Fax : 5665429

FORBES & WALKER COMMODITY BROKERS (PVT) LTD

46/38, Navam Mawatha, Colombo 2
Tel : 2433720/43
Fax : 2437147

H. W. J. DIAS & BROTHERS (PVT) LTD.

199/96, Obeysekera Crescent,
Rajagiriya Road, Rajagiriya
Tel : 2 876 372 / 777 395 487

J. D. & SONS (PRIVATE) LTD.

512, R A De Mel Mw,
Colombo 3
Tel : 0112586035

JOHN KEELLS PLC

186, Vauxhall Street,
Colombo 2.
Tel : 2306551
Fax : 2326121

RANSRI ENTERPRISES (PVT) LTD.

199/96, Obeysekere Crescent,
Rajagiriya Road, Rajagiriya.
Tel : 2 876 372 / 777 395 487

AN OVERVIEW OF THE INDUSTRY

RUBBER PRODUCTION

Sri Lanka's rubber industry, with its 150-year legacy, continues to face significant challenges, though 2024 showed tentative signs of recovery. Total natural rubber production increased by 7.5% to **69.2 million kg (69,200 MT)** in 2024, up from **64.4 million kg (64,400 MT)** in 2023 (Table 01). Despite this improvement, production remains alarmingly low compared to the peak of **152,030 MT in 2012**, reflecting a **54.5% decline** over the past decade. The sector's struggles stem from persistent issues such as **Circular Leaf Spot Disease (CLSD/PESTA)**, erratic weather conditions, shortage of workers and the gradual conversion of rubber lands to more profitable crops.

A breakdown of 2024 production shows **sheet rubber** accounting for **48.4% (33.5 million kg)**, while **crepe rubber** declined further to **15.0% (10.4 million kg)**. Notably, **Technically Specified Rubber (TSR)** saw a sharp rise to **12.7 million kg (18.4% of total output)**, signaling a shift in processing trends. However, other rubber grades fell significantly to **12.6 million kg**, likely due to changing market demands.

With domestic rubber-based industries requiring **~130,000 MT annually**, Sri Lanka still faces a severe supply gap, necessitating imports of **~90,000 MT** to sustain local manufacturing. Meanwhile, the export of value-added rubber products, such as tyres and gloves, continues to be a vital foreign exchange earner, contributing approximately **\$1100 million** in 2024.

The industry's long-term viability depends on urgent interventions—including **replanting with disease-resistant varieties, financial support for smallholders, and stronger R&D investments**. Without decisive action, the sector risks further decline, threatening livelihoods and export revenues critical to Sri Lanka's economy.

"The CRTA remains committed to collaborating with stakeholders to revitalize this historic industry and secure its sustainable future."

TABLE 1

SRI LANKAN RUBBER PRODUCTION 2016 - 2024

(Mn. Kgs.)

| CATEGORY TOTAL | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | % SHARE OF TOTAL 2024 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Sheet Rubber | 39.8 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 37.4 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 34.7 | 32.2 | 33.5 | 48.41 |
| Crepe Rubber | 14.9 | 11.5 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 13.0 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 11.1 | 10.4 | 15.03 |
| TSR | 3.9 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 | - | - | - | 12.7 | 18.35 |
| Others | 20.5 | 28.9 | 26.0 | 21.7 | 24.6 | 24.5 | 21.7 | 21.1 | 12.6 | 18.21 |
| Total | 79.1 | 83.1 | 82.6 | 74.7 | 78.2 | 76.8 | 70.9 | 64.4 | 69.2 | 100% |

Source: Rubber Development Department

TABLE 2

NATURAL RUBBER PRODUCTION 2012-2023 (Mn Kgs)

| Year | Sheet Rubber | Sole Crepe | Scrap Crepe | Latex Crepe | TSR | Latex & Other | Total |
|------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------|---------------|-------------|
| 2012 | 59.2 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 36.6 | 8.7 | 44.4 | 152.1 |
| 2013 | 62.8 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 15.4 | 9.5 | 37.9 | 130.4 |
| 2014 | 48.5 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 11.8 | 7.6 | 27.2 | 98.5 |
| 2015 | 44.4 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 25.5 | 88.6 |
| 2016 | 39.8 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 12.6 | 3.9 | 20.5 | 79.1 |
| 2017 | 41.5 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 9.2 | 1.2 | 28.9 | 83.1 |
| 2018 | 41.3 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 10.5 | 0.8 | 26.0 | 82.6 |
| 2019 | 37.4 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 1.2 | 21.7 | 74.7 |
| 2020 | 39.1 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 7.2 | 1.5 | 24.6 | 78.2 |
| 2021 | 38.4 | 1.1 | 4.6 | 8.2 | - | 24.5 | 76.8 |
| 2022 | 34.7 | 1.3 | 4.3 | 8.9 | - | 21.7 | 70.9 |
| 2023 | 32.2 | 1.2 | 3.9 | 6.0 | - | 21.1 | 64.4 |
| 2024 | 33.5 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 69.2 |

Natural rubber production in Sri Lanka declined significantly from 152.1 million kilograms in 2012 to 64.4 million kilograms in 2023, marking a 58% decrease over the 11-year period. However, a slight recovery was observed in 2024, with total production increasing to 69.2 million kilograms. Sheet Rubber remained the primary product throughout the period, though its output fell from 59.2 million kilograms in 2012 to 32.2 million kilograms in 2023, with a modest increase in 2024. TSR (Technically Specified Rubber) also declined sharply, from 36.6 million kilograms to just 5.6 million kilograms. Latex and other rubber products, which had been absent from 2021 to 2023, re-emerged in 2024 with a notable contribution of 12.6 million kilograms. While minor categories such as Sole Crepe and Scrap Crepe remained relatively stable, their overall impact was minimal. Despite the prolonged downturn, the figures for 2024 suggest early signs of stabilization in the industry.

TABLE 3

DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF NATURAL RUBBER 2016-2023 (IN THOUSAND TONS)

| Category Total | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|--------|
| Total Dry Rubber and Latex | 141.9 | 128.1 | 135.2 | 112.5 | 112.1 | 133.8 | 117.3 | 91.9 | 127.04 |

Source: Rubber Development Department

Domestic consumption of natural rubber in Sri Lanka fluctuated between 2016 and 2024. Consumption peaked at 141.9 thousand tons in 2016, followed by a general decline with some variations, reaching a low of 91.9 thousand tons in 2023. However, 2024 showed a notable rebound, with consumption rising to 127.0 thousand tons, indicating a recovery in domestic demand after several years of fluctuation.

EXPORTS**TABLE 4****EXPORTS OF RUBBER – 2016 – 2024 (IN THOUSAND TONS)**

| Year | Sheet Rubber | Sole Crepe | Scrap Crepe | Latex Crepe | TSR | Latex & Other | Total |
|------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----|---------------|-------------|
| 2016 | 1.6 | 1.5 | - | 10.5 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 16.1 |
| 2017 | 2.9 | 1.4 | - | 7.6 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 17.2 |
| 2018 | 1.4 | 1.3 | - | 8.7 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 13.9 |
| 2019 | 2.1 | 2.0 | - | 6.5 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 13.0 |
| 2020 | 4.3 | 1.0 | - | 6.0 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 15.7 |
| 2021 | 3.3 | 1.1 | - | 7.2 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 15.5 |
| 2022 | 4.2 | 1.2 | - | 7.4 | 1 | 1.3 | 15.1 |
| 2023 | 4.4 | 1.2 | - | 5.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 12.7 |
| 2024 | 2.5 | 0.6 | - | 4.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 8.6 |

Rubber exports showed variability from 2016 to 2024, peaking at 17.2 thousand tons in 2017 and gradually declining thereafter. Total exports dropped from 16.1 thousand tons in 2016 to 12.7 thousand tons in 2023, followed by a sharper decrease to 8.6 thousand tons in 2024. Sheet Rubber exports fluctuated, reaching a high of 4.4 thousand tons in 2023 before falling to 2.5 thousand tons in 2024. Latex Crepe consistently remained the largest export category but also declined over the period. Overall, export volumes have contracted significantly in recent years, reflecting challenges in the international market or production constraints.

TABLE 5**EXPORTS OF NATURAL RUBBER FROM SRI LANKA FOR 2024 (Kgs)**

| 2024 | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| CREPE RUBBER | |
| Sole Crepe | |
| South Africa | 296,000 |
| Vietnam | 152,810 |
| Portugal | 40,091 |
| Albania | - |
| Turkey | - |
| Other | 82,955 |
| Total | 571,856 |
| Latex Crepe | |
| Japan | 1,201,050 |
| China | 837,000 |
| Germany | 689,000 |
| Pakistan | 305,500 |
| USA | 304,420 |
| Other | 1,329,008 |
| Total | 4,665,978 |
| Scrap Crepe | |
| | - |
| | - |
| Total | - |
| SHEET RUBBER | |

| RSS | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| Pakistan | 1,738,320 |
| India | 691,794 |
| Other | 48,323 |
| Total | 2,478,437 |
| LATEX & OTHER | 375,291 |
| TSR | 541,130 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 8,632,692 |

In 2024, Sri Lanka's total natural rubber exports reached approximately 8.63 million kilograms, reflecting the country's ongoing role in the global rubber market despite recent production challenges. Crepe rubber exports were dominated by Latex Crepe, totaling about 4.67 million kilograms. Key importers of Latex Crepe included Japan (1.2 million kg), China (837,000 kg), Germany (689,000 kg), Pakistan (305,000 kg), and the USA (304,000 kg), with other countries accounting for an additional 1.33 million kilograms. Sole Crepe exports were significantly lower, at approximately 572,000 kilograms, mainly shipped to South Africa (296,000 kg), Vietnam (153,000 kg), Portugal, and other markets. No Scrap Crepe exports were recorded for the year. Sheet Rubber exports, predominantly Ribbed Smoked Sheets (RSS), amounted to 2.48 million kilograms, with Pakistan and India serving as the principal buyers. Exports of Latex & Other rubber products contributed 375,000 kilograms, while TSR exports totaled 541,000 kilograms. This export composition highlights Sri Lanka's strategic focus on maintaining diverse product lines and cultivating strong trade relationships across multiple international markets, supporting the sector's resilience amid fluctuating production volumes.

NATURAL RUBBER PRICES

The Colombo Market Prices of Rubber in 2015 - 2024 are shown in Table 6.

TABLE 6

COLOMBO MARKET PRICES 2015 – 2024 (Rs./Kgs)

| YEAR | RSS | | LATEX CREPE | | SCRAP CREPE NO. 1 X BR |
|------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|---------------------------|
| | NO. 1 | NO.2 | 1X | NO. 1 | |
| 2015 | 248.17 | 242.92 | 301.53 | 296.30 | 187.80 |
| 2016 | 239.28 | 229.76 | 262.31 | 258.81 | 179.988 |
| 2018 | 336.72 | 329.82 | 351.71 | 347.97 | 269.55 |
| 2018 | 281.3 | 273.85 | 321.70 | 313.12 | 210.34 |
| 2019 | 288.51 | 282.78 | 302.32 | 298.38 | 245.06 |
| 2020 | 348.27 | 315.57 | 360.74 | 355.94 | 253.09 |
| 2021 | 458.52 | 445.47 | 635.16 | 629.61 | 412.96 |
| 2022 | 600.47 | 565.50 | 845.70 | 871.17 | 495.12 |
| 2023 | 567.25 | 570.81 | 726.25 | 709.47 | 461.78 |
| 2024 | 712.93 | 670.50 | 933.89 | 914.94 | 624.17 |

Source: CRTA Auction Prices

Price Trends in the Colombo Rubber Market (2015-2024)

The Colombo Market prices for various grades of natural rubber have demonstrated significant volatility from 2015 to 2024, reflecting the dynamic interplay of global and local market forces. An analysis of price movements reveals several key trends:

RSS grades showed steady growth from Rs. 248.17/kg (No.1) and Rs. 242.92/kg (No.2) in 2015 to Rs. 712.93/kg and Rs. 670.50/kg respectively in 2024, representing increases of 187% and 176% over the decade. The most dramatic price surges occurred between 2020 and 2022, coinciding with global supply chain disruptions.

Latex Crepe (1X) exhibited even more pronounced fluctuations, rising from Rs. 301.53/kg in 2015 to a peak of Rs. 933.89/kg in 2024 (210% increase), with particularly sharp increases in 2021 (635.16/kg) and 2022 (845.70/kg). The BR grade followed a similar trajectory, climbing from Rs. 187.80/kg to Rs. 624.17/kg over the same period.

These price movements have been influenced by multiple factors including:

- Global supply-demand imbalances
- Fluctuating production costs
- Changes in international rubber commodity markets
- Domestic production challenges
- Currency exchange rate variations
-

The 2024 prices represent the highest levels recorded across all grades in the past decade, suggesting continued strong market conditions. However, the historical volatility underscores the need for industry stakeholders to maintain adaptive strategies to navigate this unpredictable pricing environment. The CRTA continues to monitor these trends closely to provide members with timely market intelligence and guidance.

STATISTICAL OVERVIEW OF THE RUBBER INDUSTRY 2018- 2023

| | Unit | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|------------------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|------|
| 1. Total Rubber Extent | Ha | 137,106 | 137,608 | 137,834 | 138,621 | 138,526 | 98,393 | |
| 2. Mature Area | Ha | 107,196 | 113,600 | 120,529 | 123,117 | 123,301 | 84,598 | |
| 3. Immature Extent | Ha | 29,910 | 24,008 | 17,305 | 15,504 | 15,225 | 13,586 | |
| 4. Replanted Extent | Ha | 861 | 1,040 | 956 | 1,467 | 887 | 1,186 | |
| 5. New Planted Extent | Ha | 350 | 1,103 | 726 | 1,185 | 412 | 417 | |
| 6. Yield Per Hectare | Kg | 774 | 658 | 649 | 679 | 631 | 835 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 7. Production | MT '000 | 82.60 | 74.75 | 78.20 | 76.88 | 70.87 | 64.44 | 69.21 |
|---------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

Circular Leaf Spot Disease *Pestalotiopsis* (PESTA)

The Sri Lankan rubber industry continues to face significant challenges from Circular Spot Leaf Disease (CLSD), also known as *Pestalotiopsis* Leaf Disease, which has emerged as one of the most economically damaging threats to natural rubber cultivation in recent years. First identified in the country in 2019, this fungal pathogen has expanded rapidly, affecting more than 50,000 hectares by 2024.

The disease demonstrates particular virulence in regions with high annual rainfall and frequent wet days, conditions that are characteristic of Sri Lanka's traditional rubber-growing areas. Regional Plantation Companies report that over 70% of their cultivated areas have now been impacted by CLSD, with disease severity showing a consistent upward trajectory since its initial detection.

The consequences of CLSD infection are multifaceted and severe:

- Production losses reaching between 15 to 30% in affected mature plantations
- Significant impairment of young rubber plant development
- Extension of the immature period beyond seven years in infected areas
- Substantial reduction in replanting activities across both smallholder and corporate sectors

Several factors complicate disease management efforts:

1. The high cost of chemical treatments, approximately Rs. 15,000 per hectare annually
2. Practical difficulties in applying fungicides effectively to tall rubber tree canopies
3. Scarcity of suitable spraying equipment of chemicals to mature rubber trees.
4. Persistent wet weather conditions that both promote disease spread and hinder control measures

Amidst these challenges, Rubber Research Institute of Sri Lanka (RRISL) has developed a new cocktail mixture which has been found effective in small trail areas in 2024. The cocktail is tried out on larger areas in 2025 to see the performance and then to introduce it on commercial scale.

GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION IN RUBBER CULTIVATION

The Sri Lankan rubber industry has faced significant challenges due to the suspension of the New and Replanting Subsidy Scheme since 2023, a consequence of the government's constrained financial position amid broader economic difficulties.

This decision has dealt a severe blow to growers, particularly smallholders, who rely on such support to sustain and rejuvenate their plantations. Despite repeated representations by the CRTA urging the reinstatement of this critical scheme, no positive outcome has been achieved to date.

In response to declining production, the private sector has proposed expanding rubber cultivation into non-traditional areas, particularly the intermediate zone, as a potential solution to boost output. The government has identified certain lands as suitable for this purpose and is currently assessing their feasibility for rubber cultivation. While this initiative could open new opportunities for the industry, its success will depend on adequate infrastructure, technical support, and long-term policy commitment.

The absence of subsidies, coupled with rising production costs and persistent challenges such as pest and disease outbreaks, continues to hinder the sector's growth. The CRTA reiterates the urgent need for government intervention through policy support, financial incentives, and collaborative public-private partnerships to revitalize rubber cultivation and ensure the industry's sustainability.

Moving forward, a multi-pronged approach—combining subsidy restoration, land expansion, and research-driven solutions—will be essential to reversing the current decline and securing the future of Sri Lanka's rubber sector.

EUROPEAN UNION DEFORESTATION REGULATIONS (EUDR)

The European Union Deforestation Regulations (EUDR), introduced in May 2023, represent a critical framework for promoting sustainable commodity trade and combating deforestation. While initially set to take effect from December 30, 2024, the EU Commission has extended the implementation deadline by one year to December 31, 2025. This extension provides Sri Lanka's rubber industry with additional time to ensure full compliance, though urgent action remains imperative to safeguard access to the vital European market.

Progress has been made, with 90% of Regional Plantation Companies (RPCs) now compliant with EUDR requirements. However, significant challenges persist, particularly for smallholders, who constitute a major portion of Sri Lanka's rubber production base. The Rubber Development Department (RDD) must play a pivotal role in supporting small-scale growers by facilitating geolocation mapping of rubber plots to meet traceability requirements, providing technical guidance on sustainable farming practices, and streamlining certification processes to ensure compliance is achievable for all stakeholders.

The CRTA has actively engaged in raising awareness, conducting training programs, and participating in EUDR working groups to prepare the industry for these regulations. A key recommendation remains the appointment of dedicated compliance officers within organizations to oversee adherence.

Under EUDR, exporters must document precise geolocations of rubber sourcing areas and verify that production aligns with deforestation-free standards. Failure to comply risks losing access to the EU market, which would have severe repercussions for Sri Lanka's rubber exports.

As the 2025 deadline approaches, collaboration between the RDD, private sector, and smallholders will be essential to ensure no segment of the industry is left behind. The CRTA continues to advocate for inclusive solutions that protect both the environment and the livelihoods of Sri Lanka's rubber producers.

"Proactive adaptation to EUDR is not just a regulatory obligation but an opportunity to enhance the sustainability and global competitiveness of Sri Lankan rubber."

IMPLICATIONS OF THE VALUR ADDED TAX (AMENDMENT) BILL TO RUBBER SECTOR

The implementation of the Value Added Tax (Amendment) Act, No. 32 of 2023 has introduced significant changes to the taxation framework affecting Sri Lanka's rubber sector. Effective from January 1, 2024, the previous VAT exemption for rubber supplies was removed, requiring rubber manufacturers and suppliers to charge 15% VAT on taxable supplies when their annual turnover exceeds the registration threshold of Rs. 80 million. This change has created new compliance requirements for the industry.

For VAT-registered manufacturers and suppliers, this amendment means they must now charge VAT on rubber sales to both exporters and local buyers, while being able to claim input VAT on business-related purchases. Most Regional Plantation Companies (RPCs), being registered under the Simplified VAT (SVAT) scheme, benefit from faster VAT refund processing within 14 days, though they must ensure proper tax invoicing for all transactions.

Recognizing the challenges these changes posed, the CRTA actively engaged with the Deputy Minister of Finance and IRD officials to develop sector-specific solutions. These efforts resulted in the Rubber Development Department being appointed as the certifying body for VAT registration in the rubber

sector, along with the development of simplified compliance guidelines tailored for industry stakeholders.

The changes present particular challenges for smallholders and unregistered suppliers who fall below the VAT threshold, as they must now issue proper VAT-exempt invoices. Exporters must also ensure their supply chains are fully VAT-compliant to maintain eligibility for SVAT benefits. All sector participants need to maintain meticulous transaction records for potential audits.

The CRTA remains committed to supporting the industry through this transition by continuing to liaise with tax authorities, providing compliance training programs, and advocating for policy adjustments that minimize disruption to rubber trade operations. While these tax changes require increased compliance efforts, with proper guidance and support, the rubber industry can successfully adapt while maintaining its competitive position in global markets.

ACTIVITIES OF THE ASSOCIATION

BUSINESS SESSION OF THE 105TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE COLOMBO RUBBER TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

The Colombo Rubber Traders' Association (CRTA) successfully held its Business session of the 105th Annual General Meeting on Monday, 24th June 2024, at the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce. The meeting convened stakeholders from across the rubber industry to reflect on the past year's achievements, deliberate on key matters, and confirm new leadership for the year ahead.

The business session commenced with the confirmation of the Minutes of the 104th AGM, followed by the adoption of the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the fiscal year 2023/2024. These were unanimously approved by the membership, affirming the Association's transparent governance and robust financial performance.

Outgoing Chairman Mr. Manoj Udugampola addressed the gathering, reflecting on the progress made during his tenure, highlighting the initiatives undertaken to strengthen industry collaboration and enhance regulatory awareness.

The election of office bearers for 2024/2025 followed:

- **Chairman:** Mr. Harin de Silva
- **Vice Chairman:** Mr. Buddhi Gunasekara

The **Committee for 2024/2025** was also formally announced, comprising representatives from leading buyer and seller organizations, brokers, and invited industry stakeholders. These included:

Buyer Representatives:

- A.M. Rahim & Co. Ltd
- Almar Trading Co. (Pvt) Ltd
- C.W. Mackie PLC
- Eastern Merchants PLC
- Lalan Rubber (Pvt) Ltd
- Shums & Co. Ltd

Seller Representatives:

- Balangoda Plantations PLC
- Horana Plantations

- Kegalle Plantations PLC
- Kelani Valley Plantations PLC
- Kotagala Plantations PLC
- Pussellawa Plantations Ltd

Broker Representative:

- Forbes & Walker Commodity Brokers (Pvt) Ltd (Nominated by the Colombo Brokers' Association)

By Invitation:

- The Planters' Association of Ceylon
- The Colombo Rubber Buyers' Association
- J.D. and Sons (Pvt) Ltd (Non-CBA Broker)
- Prof. Asoka Nugawela (Industry Expert)
- Director General, Rubber Development Department

In his inaugural address, newly elected Chairman Mr. Harin de Silva emphasized the need for resilience and adaptability in the face of evolving global trade dynamics and regulatory shifts. He reaffirmed CRTA's commitment to industry advocacy, sustainability, and stakeholder engagement.

The Association also confirmed the reappointment of M/s Edirisinghe & Co. as Auditors for the upcoming year.

With no other business raised, the meeting concluded with a vote of thanks and appreciation for the outgoing committee and continued support from members.

The CRTA's 105th AGM reinforced the Association's ongoing role as a unifying force in Sri Lanka's rubber sector, promoting excellence, collaboration, and growth.



POST BUSINESS SESSION OF THE 105TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Colombo Rubber Traders' Association (CRTA) held its Post Business Session of the 105th Annual General Meeting on Friday, 12th July 2024, at the Grand Ballroom of the Marino Beach Hotel, Colombo. The event brought together key figures from the rubber industry, reaffirming its continued relevance and central role in Sri Lanka's economic landscape.

The Chief Guest, Mr. Mohan Pandithage, Chairman and Chief Executive of Hayleys PLC, and the Guest of Honour, Mr. Chinthaka Wegapitiya, CEO of LAUGFS Corporation (Rubber) Ltd, were warmly welcomed by the Office Bearers, Mr. Harin de Silva (Chairman) and Mr. Buddhi Gunasekera (Vice Chairman). The evening commenced with the traditional lighting of the oil lamp and a formal introduction of the dignitaries.

Following the national anthem, the compere delivered a welcome address, providing an overview of CRTA's milestones and ongoing initiatives. The keynote address by Mr. Mohan Pandithage highlighted the global opportunities and responsibilities facing Sri Lanka's rubber sector, with a call for renewed private-public collaboration.

Chairman Mr. Harin de Silva then delivered his address, outlining the Association's achievements over the past year and its future direction. The Guest of Honour, Mr. Chinthaka Wegapitiya, in his address, underscored the need for innovation, sustainability, and market diversification.

Key announcements included the confirmation of office bearers and the introduction of the newly elected committee for 2024/2025, comprising representatives from across the rubber value chain.

The evening concluded with a vote of thanks by Vice Chairman Mr. Buddhi Gunasekera, who acknowledged the support of stakeholders, sponsors, and organizers.

The 105th AGM served not only as a formal gathering but also as a platform for strategic dialogue and industry networking, further strengthening CRTA's mission of advancing Sri Lanka's rubber industry.



AWARENESS PROGRAM ON EU DEFORESTATION REGULATION (EUDR)

As part of its ongoing commitment to industry sustainability and regulatory preparedness, the Colombo Rubber Traders' Association (CRTA) conducted a focused Awareness Program on the European Union Deforestation Regulation (EUDR) for stakeholders in Sri Lanka's natural rubber sector. The session was held with the objective of equipping industry participants with the knowledge and tools necessary to ensure compliance with this significant regulation.

The session was led by Mr. Manoj Udugampola, Consultant on EUDR Compliance to the CRTA. Mr. Udugampola provided a comprehensive overview of the EUDR framework, explaining its objectives to curb global deforestation by mandating that commodities, including natural rubber, imported into the European Union must not be linked to deforestation or forest degradation.

The program emphasized the critical compliance requirements, including maintaining accurate geo-location data, supply chain transparency, and proper documentation to support EUDR conformity. Mr. Udugampola stressed the urgency for Sri Lankan exporters and producers to align swiftly with EUDR protocols to preserve market access and uphold the country's position in the global rubber industry.

The event witnessed enthusiastic participation from a broad cross-section of industry stakeholders, including exporters, plantation representatives, and regulatory personnel. An interactive Q&A session allowed participants to address their concerns, clarify procedural challenges, and gain clarity on the evolving regulatory expectations.

In his closing remarks, Mr. Harin de Silva, Chairman of the CRTA, thanked Mr. Udugampola for his insights and commended the participants for their proactive engagement. He reiterated CRTA's role in guiding its members through complex international compliance requirements and emphasized the strategic value of sustainability in securing Sri Lanka's competitiveness.

Echoing this sentiment, Mr. Buddhi Gunasekera, Vice Chairman of the CRTA, urged all stakeholders to prioritize EUDR compliance and called on the industry to ensure readiness by the deadline of 31st October 2024.

This timely initiative reflects CRTA's unwavering dedication to industry development, global standards alignment, and sustainable rubber trade practices.



ENGAGEMENT WITH THE MINISTRY OF PLANTATION AND COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE

As part of the Colombo Rubber Traders' Association's ongoing efforts to address key industry challenges and advocate for sustainable growth, the Office Bearers met with the Minister of Plantation and Community Infrastructure Hon. K.V. Samantha Vidyaratne on 11th March 2025.

During the meeting, the Minister acknowledged the significant challenges faced by the rubber industry, particularly in the context of the prevailing economic climate. While it was noted that not all issues could be resolved immediately, the Minister assured stakeholders that the ministry would review and address concerns that were within its current capacity.

However, the CRTA Chairman observed that establishing a sustained dialogue with the ministry may prove difficult, as neither the Minister nor the Secretary provided contact details despite being offered a business card by the Association.

Key issues discussed included the insufficient production of natural rubber in Sri Lanka, a concern shared by stakeholders across the value chain — including smallholders, TSR processors, and members of the Sri Lanka Association of Manufacturers and Exporters of Rubber Products (SLAMERP). As an immediate and practical measure, the importance of rain-guarding all existing plantations was emphasized. A concept paper and proposal for a \$14 million grant from the Asian Development Bank (ADB) to support this initiative were submitted for consideration.

The impact of changing weather patterns on rubber cultivation was also addressed, with suggestions to allocate land in drier regions, such as Vavuniya, to expand cultivation. Industry representatives, including Mr. Manoj Udugampola, expressed readiness to invest in developing 25,000 hectares of new rubber plantations through collaboration with Regional Plantation Companies (RPCs).

Another significant topic was the European Union Deforestation Regulation (EUDR), which poses compliance challenges, particularly for smallholders who account for 65–70% of local rubber supply. Many lack awareness and the resources required for compliance. The need for capacity-building and support frameworks was stressed.

The Environmental Protection License requirement — which mandates licensing for anyone producing over 50kg of RSS monthly — was deemed unrealistic for small-scale producers and flagged for review.

Concerns were also raised regarding the Rubber Research Institute (RRI), particularly the ongoing absence of a Director General, which has affected its operational effectiveness. While a representative from the Rubber Development Department (RDD) was present, their engagement during the meeting was minimal.

The meeting concluded with an appeal to the Minister for regular engagement with stakeholders to monitor progress and advance collaborative solutions. However, the response remained noncommittal, with the Minister stating that meetings would be arranged “as time permits.”



RUBBER SAMPLE ROOM

Viewing of Rubber Samples were continued at the sample room located at **the All Ceylon Buddhist Congress (ACBC)**, No. 380, Bauddhaloka Mawatha, Colombo 7. The contract with ACBC was renewed for an additional two years, effective August 14, 2023.

THE CEYLON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The Ceylon Chamber of Commerce announced the re-election of its Board for the Year 2024/25 at the Chamber's 185th Annual General Meeting on June 27.

The re-elected Board comprises Chairman Duminda Hulangamuwa – Country Managing Partner for Sri Lanka and The Maldives, Ernst & Young, Vice Chairman Krishan Balendra – Chairman John Keells Holdings PLC, and Deputy Vice Chairman Bingumal Thewarathanthri – CEO, Standard Chartered Bank Sri Lanka. Amal Cabraal – Chairman, Lion Brewery (Ceylon) PLC, Kasturi Chellaraja Wilson – Non-Executive Director, Hemas Holdings PLC, Sarath Ganegoda – Executive Director, Hayleys PLC, Supun Weerasinghe – Director/Group CEO – Dialog Axiata PLC, Vinod Hirdaramani – Chairman, Hirdaramani Group, and Buwanekabahu Perera – Secretary General/CEO of the Ceylon Chamber.

Founder and CEO of WSO2 and technology pioneer Dr. Sanjiva Weerawarana addressed the event as the Chief Guest. Dr. Weerawarana highlighted the importance of supporting Sri Lankan enterprises to reach their full potential as a driver of economic growth, stressing that 'if you want to help Sri Lankan product companies, buy Sri Lankan products, and don't buy them cheap. Empower people who have good ideas with the right amount of funding and the support they need, supporting them to compete on the global stage'.

In his remarks, Chamber Chairman Duminda Hulangamuwa highlighted the need for continued economic reforms and political stability to ensure sustained growth. He highlighted that over the past year, the Chamber has worked extensively on initiatives focused on policy advocacy, stakeholder engagement, and expanding market access for its Members.

'The Chamber engaged extensively with the President, opposition parties, multilateral institutions such as the IMF, World Bank, etc. and contributed extensively to trade negotiations with Thailand, India, and China, ensuring that the private sector's voice is heard in major economic decisions. Trade facilitation efforts include a focus on promoting exports and helping Members explore new markets and integrate more deeply into global trade networks', he said.

Looking ahead, the Chamber is committed to leading the private sector towards sustained economic stability and growth, advocating for pro-growth policies and facilitating growth opportunities for Members, he added.



THE COLOMBO RUBBER BUYERS' ASSOCIATION

Mr. A. Edirisinghe served as the representative of the Colombo Rubber Buyers' Association on the CRTA Committee for the year 2024-2025.

THE COLOMBO BROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Mr. Damitha Perera of Forbes & Walker Commodity Brokers (Pvt) Ltd as the nominee of the Colombo Brokers' Association on the CRTA Committee during the year under review.

THE PLANTERS' ASSOCIATION OF CEYLON

Mr. L Fonseka represented the Planters' Association of Ceylon on the CRTA Committee during the year under review.

EXPORTERS' ASSOCIATION OF SRI LANKA

The Exporters' Association of Sri Lanka (EASL), which is an approved association of the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce, held its 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) at the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce auditorium on 30th June 2024, with Mr. Bingumal Thewarathanthri, CEO & Head of Banking & Coverage at Standard Chartered Bank Sri Lanka in attendance as the Key note speaker.

Mr. Yohan Lawrence was elected as the Chairman for the year 2024-2025.

Mr. Talal Shums was nominated to serve on the Committee of the Exporters' Association of Sri Lanka [EASL] for the year 2024/2025, as the CRTA representative.

SRI LANKA SHIPPERS' COUNCIL

The Sri Lanka Shippers' Council (SLSC) recently held its 54th Annual General Meeting at the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Sean Van Dort, representing the Joint Apparel Association Forum Sri Lanka (JAAFSL), was elected as the Chairman of the Council.

Mr. Trisherman Frink of the Colombo Rubber Traders' Association (CRTA) and Mr. Tyrone Weckasinghe of the Free Trade Zone Manufacturers' Association (FTZMA) were appointed as 1st Vice Chairman and 2nd Vice Chairman, respectively.

During the meeting Van Dort expressed concerns over the government's inadequate response to the recent Sri Lanka Customs go-slow campaign. He emphasised the necessity for accountability within the private sector, noting that they too have played a role in perpetuating corruption.

Mr. T Frink was nominated to serve on the Committee of the Sri Lanka Shippers' Council, as the representative of the CRTA, for the year 2024/2025.

APPROVED WAREHOUSES OF BROKER / SELLER

| REGISTERED NO | LOCATION DETAILS |
|---------------|---|
| 1 | ASIA SIYAKA COMMODITIES PLC |
| | No. 349 B, Dippitigoda Road, Hunupitiya, Wattala |
| 2 | FORBES & WALKER WAREHOUSING (PVT) LTD |
| | No.805/4C, Bangalawatta Road, Building-D Mabola, Wattala |
| | No. 235/2, Hekitta Road, Wattala |
| 3 | JOHN KEELLS WAREHOUSING (PVT) LTD |
| | No.455/1, Dippitigoda Road,Hunupitiya,Wattala |
| 4 | JD & SONS (PVT) LTD |
| | Main warehouse- KG Plastics Warehouse Complex, 106 Weliamuna Road, Hendala, Wattala |

BALLOT FOR THE ELECTION OF THE COMMITTEE – 2025/2026

On the results of the ballot, the following were elected to the Committee of the CRTA for the year 2025-2026:

Buyer Representatives

1. C.W Mackie PLC
2. Lalan Rubber (Pvt) Ltd
3. Saheed & Company
4. A .M Rahim & Co. (Pvt) Limited
5. Almar Trading Co. (Pte) Ltd
6. Eastern Merchants PLC

Seller Representatives

1. Horana Plantations PLC
2. Kotagala Plantations PLC
3. Kegalle Plantations PLC
4. Pussellawa Plantations Ltd
5. Kelani Valley Plantations PLC
6. Balangoda Plantations PLC

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE

Sgd.
FOR SECRETARY

NOTES